
Initialize $\text{OPT}(i, j) = 0$ whenever $i \geq j - 4$

For $k = 5, 6, \dots, n - 1$

 For $i = 1, 2, \dots, n - k$

 Set $j = i + k$

 Compute $\text{OPT}(i, j)$ using the recurrence in (6.13)

 Endfor

Endfor

Return $\text{OPT}(1, n)$
